ANCIENT ROME AND THE RISE OF CHRISTIANITY

Section 5 Quiz

A. Terms, People, and Places

Write a short definition for each term.

1. Diocletian
2. inflation
3. Constantinople
4. Huns
5. mercenary

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

_____ 6. One challenge the empire faced after the end of Pax Romana was the
   a. rise in political violence and instability.
   b. rise of the outlawed religion of Christianity.
   c. rapid fall of prices.
   d. danger of moving the empire’s capital.

_____ 7. The reforms of Diocletian and Constantine
   a. forced farmers to leave their farms and become soldiers.
   b. solved most of the empire’s problems.
   c. led to temporary improvements in the empire.
   d. led to political violence and great instability.

_____ 8. To escape from attacks by the Huns, Germanic peoples
   a. learned Roman ways and became allies of Romans.
   b. forced Rome to move its capital to Constantinople.
   c. crossed into the Roman empire, seeking safety.
   d. converted to Christianity.

_____ 9. Which was a major factor in the decline of Rome?
   a. numerous attacks on Rome by mercenaries
   b. a drastic rise in population
   c. the fall of tax income
   d. the division of the empire

_____ 10. What factor helped preserve elements of Roman civilization?
   a. the spread of Judaism
   b. the rise of the Christian church
   c. the rise of medieval civilization
   d. the spread of Roman ideas by the Huns