A. Terms, People, and Places

Fill in the blank in each sentence with the letter of a word or phrase from the box. Not all the words in the box will be used. Each answer can be used only once.

1. Europeans formed armies of Indian soldiers, or _____.
   a. Alfonso de Albuquerque
   b. Mughal empire
   c. Goa
   d. Malacca
   e. outpost
   f. Philippines
   g. sepoys

2. Muslim rulers from central Asia created the _____ in India.

3. Because the natives were not united, Spain easily conquered the _____.

4. The Portuguese military in India was led by _____.

5. The Portuguese seized the island of _____ in 1510.

B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

6. The first European country to gain a foothold in Asia was
   a. Portugal.
   b. Spain.
   c. the Netherlands.
   d. Great Britain.

7. A key link in the Spanish overseas trading empire was
   a. Goa.
   b. Cape Town.
   c. Ormuz.
   d. the Philippines.

8. How did the Dutch East India Company come to dominate Asian trade?
   a. It was tightly controlled by government.
   b. It had sovereign powers.
   c. It tried to convert natives to Christianity.
   d. It was interested in trading for spices.

9. Which statement describes the Mughal empire before 1700?
   a. It was weak compared to European countries.
   b. It controlled all the sea trade between Europe and India.
   c. It was larger and richer than any country in Europe.
   d. It built forts and warehouses on the European coast.

10. As the Mughal empire weakened, who fought for control of India?
    a. the British and the Dutch.
    b. the British and the French.
    c. the Spanish and the Portuguese.
    d. the French and the Dutch.