### A. Terms, People, and Places

Match the descriptions in Column I with the terms in Column II. Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided. Not all the words, names, or places in Column II will be used. Each answer can be used only once.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Column I</th>
<th>Column II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. a religion that blends Islamic and Hindu influences</td>
<td>a. Shah Jahan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. the builder of the Taj Mahal</td>
<td>b. Delhi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. the leader of a Turkish and Mongol invasion</td>
<td>c. rajah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. the name for a local Hindu ruler in India</td>
<td>d. Sikhism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. the chief builder of the Mughal empire</td>
<td>e. Babur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>f. Akbar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### B. Main Ideas

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

6. Which is a reason why Muslims were able to conquer northern India?
   - a. Hindu princes battled one another instead of the Muslim invaders.
   - b. Muslim war elephants smashed Hindu mounted archers.
   - c. Tamerlane was a superior military strategist.
   - d. Northern India was fragmented into rival Hindu and Muslim states.

7. Which result followed the Muslim invasion of India?
   - a. Trade with other regions slowed to a trickle.
   - b. Sultans introduced Muslim traditions of government.
   - c. Higher caste Hindus became Muslims.
   - d. Artisans were paid well to build the capital at Samarkand.

8. One key difference between Hinduism and Islam is
   - a. Hinduism is monotheistic, while Islam is polytheistic.
   - b. Hinduism is polytheistic, while Islam is monotheistic.
   - c. Muslims accept differences in caste status, while Hindus do not.
   - d. Islam was an ancient religion, while Hinduism was fairly new.

9. One example of the blending of cultures in India is
   - a. the military leader Babur.
   - b. the popularity of Hindu dance.
   - c. the rise of the Gupta empire.
   - d. the Urdu language.

10. Akbar strengthened his empire by
    - a. building the Taj Mahal.
    - b. marrying another Muslim.
    - c. recognizing diversity.
    - d. winning wars.